Simple Solutions© NextGen Science 5

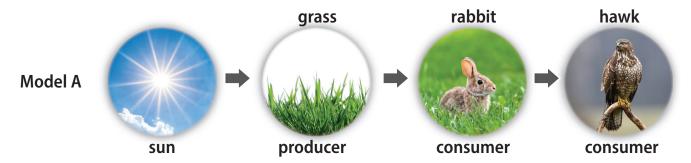
## Sample Lesson #2

## What does a food chain show?

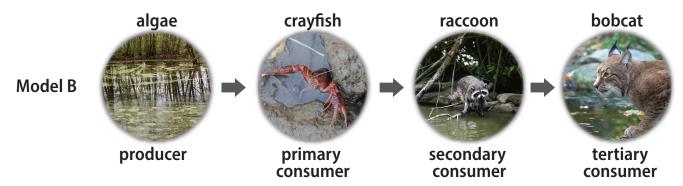
Energy and matter flow from one living thing to the next. Scientists use a model called a **food chain** to show the transfer of energy in an ecosystem. A food chain shows a single pathway, and each picture represents a population. A **population** is all the organisms of the same species in an ecosystem. The arrows in a food chain show the one-way direction of the flow of energy and matter.

All food chains rely on the sun's energy. Sometimes scientists include the sun in their models; sometimes it is not pictured. Plants use energy from the sun to convert air and water to glucose. Because they produce (make) food, plants are called **producers**. In the example below, the producer is grass. A producer is always the first organism in a food chain.

Energy moves from producers to consumers. Since animals consume (eat) other organisms, they are called **consumers**. Herbivores, omnivores, and carnivores are all consumers. In this food chain, both the rabbit and the hawk are consumers.



Below is another example of a food chain. In this food chain, algae are the producers. **Algae** are not plants, but they do have chlorophyll, which allows them to capture the sun's energy and carry out photosynthesis. A crayfish is the first consumer. Another term for the first consumer is **primary consumer**. The crayfish is eaten by the raccoon. In this model, the raccoon is the **secondary consumer**. The raccoon is eaten by the bobcat. The bobcat is the third consumer, and the term for that is **tertiary** (tər shē er ē) **consumer**.



Remember, the energy in a food chain begins with the sun. A producer takes in the sun's energy. Energy moves from a producer to a primary consumer, to a secondary consumer, to a tertiary consumer. In a model, the arrows always show the direction of the energy flow.

1.	Which type of organism comes first in every food chain?							
		consumer	produc	cer co	ırnivore	herbivore		
2.	In Mode	IB, which orgar	which organism gets its energy from the raccoon?					
	algae	crayfish	other	raccoons	bobco	at primar	y consumer	
3.	A term that means "first" consumer is consumer.							
	A term that means "second" consumer is consumer.							
	A term that means "third" consumer is consumer.							
4.	The arrows in a food chain show the direction of  A) the energy transfer from organism to organism  B) animals when they are hunting for food  C) consumers to producers in a food chain  D) both B and C							
5.	Each image on a food chain represents a population. A population is  A) all the animals that live in a forest, desert, or any given area  B) all the energy that is present in a food chain  C) all the organisms of a species that live in an ecosystem  D) both B and C							
6.	Classify each organism. Write <b>P</b> for <i>producer</i> or <b>C</b> for <i>consumer</i> .							
		tomato plant		elephant	9	jrass	_ apple tree	
		rabbit		human	S	unflower	_ honeybee	
7.	Match e	Match each term with its clue.						
		model	A)	shows the fl	ow of energ	y in an ecosyster	n	
	food chain		B)	eats plants and animals				
	omnivore		C)	represents something difficult or impossible to observe				
	algae D) organisms that contain chlorop				chlorophyll; prod	ducers		
8.	The energy all animals get can be traced back to							
		plants	other ar	imals	water	oxygen		
9.	Plants get the energy they need from							