

## Sample Lesson #1

1. **Every sentence has two parts: the subject and the predicate. The subject tells *whom* or *what* the sentence is about.** What is the subject of the following sentence?

The apple is a very versatile fruit.

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2. **Every sentence has a verb; the verb is the main word in the predicate. The verb tells what the subject *is* or *does*.** Underline the subject and circle the verb.

The sunroom is a little chilly this time of year.

3. Read each sentence below and decide whether or not the underlined word is used correctly. Use a dictionary if you need help. Write a C if the word is used correctly; write an I if the use is incorrect.

\_\_\_\_\_ The smell of garbage on a hot summer day is offensive; that is why we keep a lid on the garbage can.

\_\_\_\_\_ The military offensive was carefully planned and executed.

4. The Greek prefixes *a-* and *an-* mean “no” or “without.” The Greek root *chromo* means “color.” What is the meaning of *achromatic*?



Let's review the eight parts of speech. Write the name of each part of speech next to its definition. (Use the *Help Pages* if you need assistance.)

adjective

adverb

conjunction

interjection

noun

preposition

pronoun

verb

5. \_\_\_\_\_ relates nouns or pronouns to other words in a sentence
6. \_\_\_\_\_ modifies (describes) verbs and other words; tells *when, how, where, or to what extent*
7. \_\_\_\_\_ expresses action or a state of being
8. \_\_\_\_\_ takes the place of a noun
9. \_\_\_\_\_ names a person, place, thing, or idea
10. \_\_\_\_\_ modifies (describes) nouns or pronouns
11. \_\_\_\_\_ a word or phrase that expresses strong feeling
12. \_\_\_\_\_ connects words, phrases, or clauses within a sentence